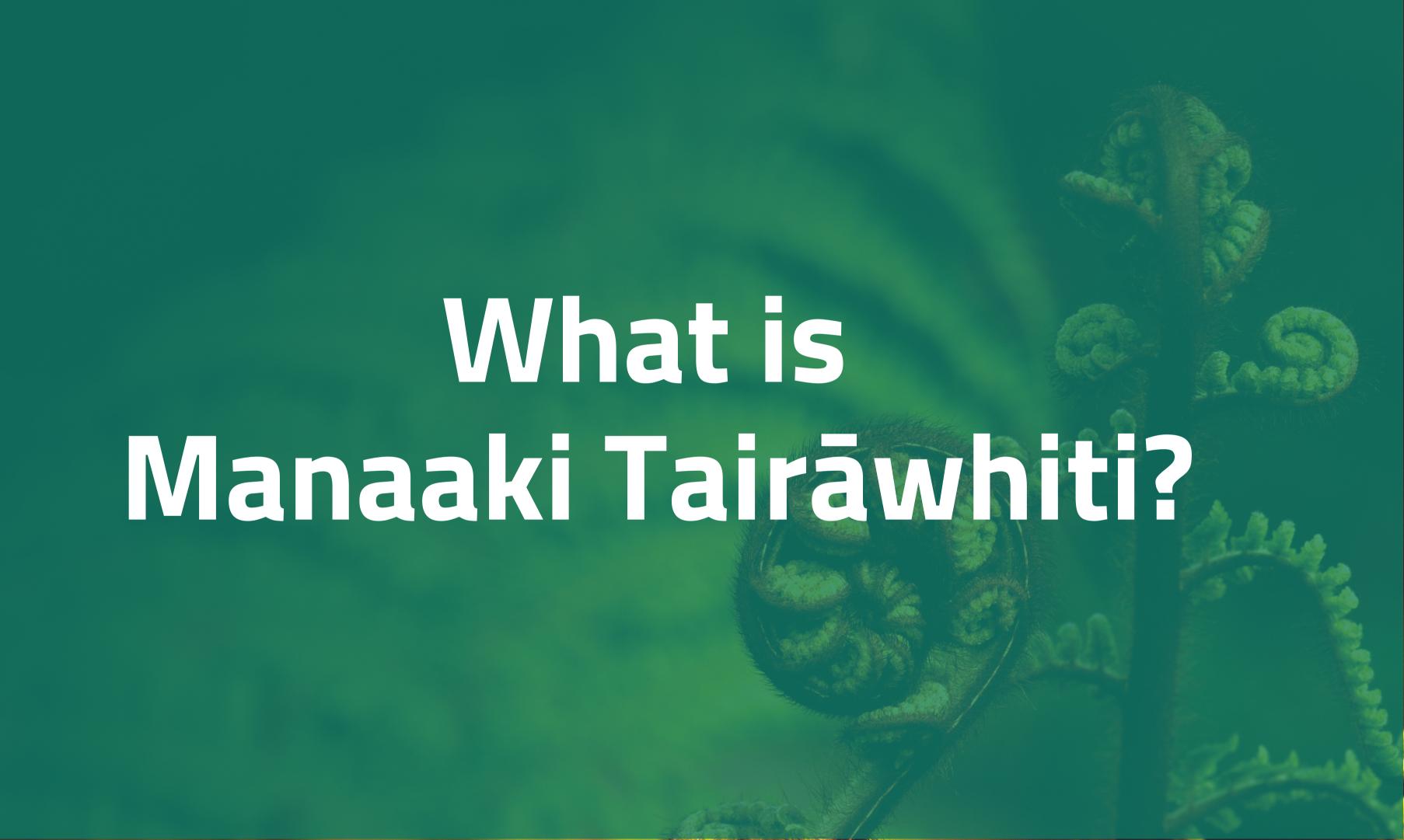
Manaaki Navigator/ Kaiurungi Update

March 2023

A Prototype for more effective social services





It is NOT

Manaaki Tairāwhiti is

NOT a provider

It is a Placed Based Initiative created in response to the
2015 Productivity
Commission report and
tasked to innovate, test, learn
and make recommendations
to improve productivity of the
social sector.

Manaaki Navigators/ Kairurungi is

NOT a social service

Even though it delivers services to whanau in partnership with providers.

It is a prototype learning system that measures effectiveness of the whole system.

Our digital platform Urungi is

NOT a case management system

It is a feedback loop that collects the social needs of whanau and the responses delivered from across the whole social service and health system in Tairāwhiti. Urungi also holds information on barriers to accessing support.

The system is only as effective as the weakest link

2015 report recommended adoption of a learning system, greater visibility of performance and more flexibility.

Privacy Commissioner – Client level data can't deter accessing support.



We need a better 'line of sight'
over the performance of the
whole system – not just the parts
we are responsible for.

We need to understand the systemic barriers better and see them from the perspective of whanau and avoid confirmation bias.

Accountability - Who is the social sector accountable to?

To whānau

For delivery of effective services. Do services get it right first time, every time? Do services work collectively as a whole ecosystem?

To the wider sector

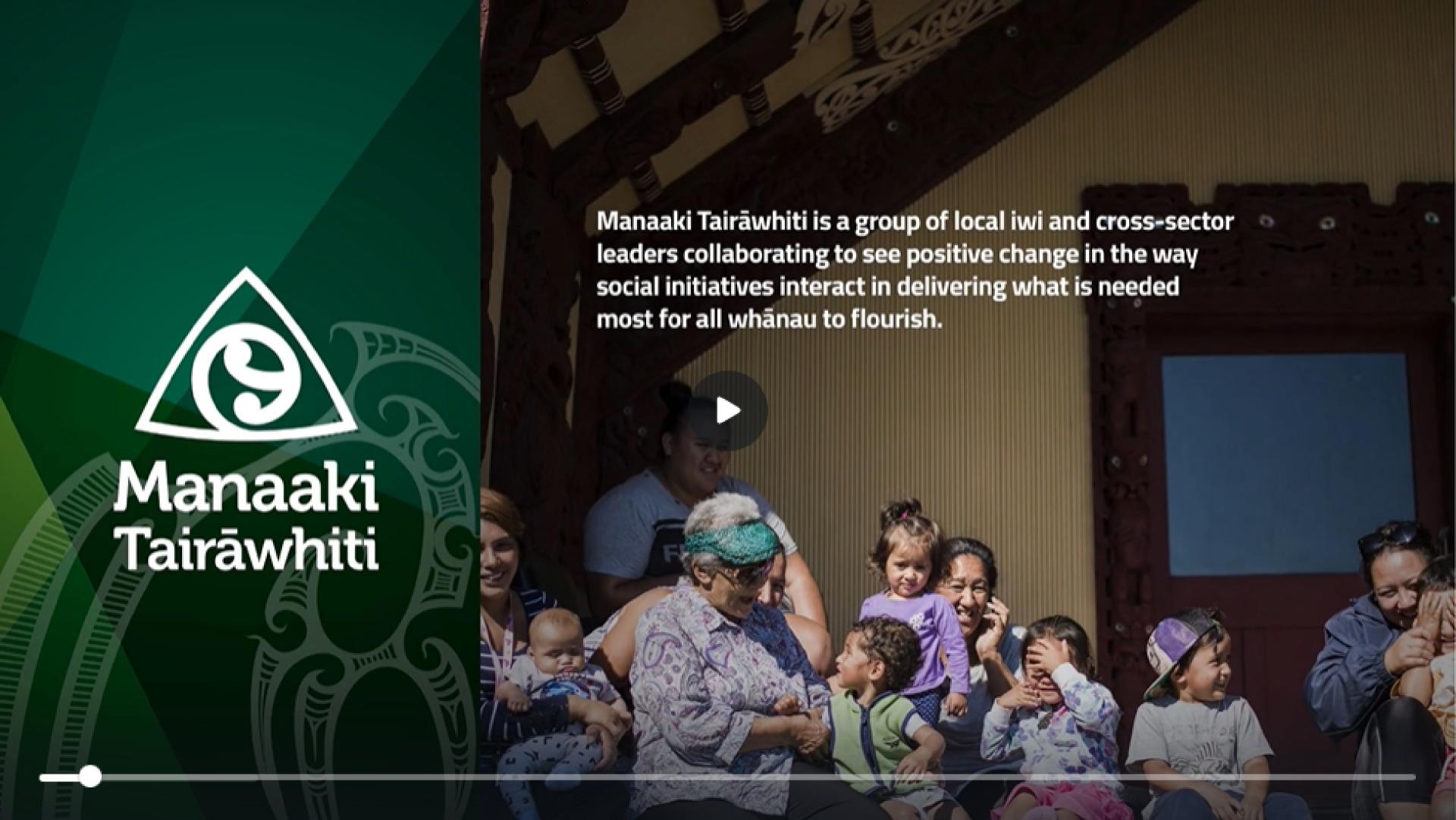
To understand any unintended consequences and down stream effects and have a relentless focus on continuous improvement.

To communities

For transparency and stewardship of system performance.

To government and taxpayers

For transparency and financial accountability.





Analysing the Urungi data

What can it tell us?



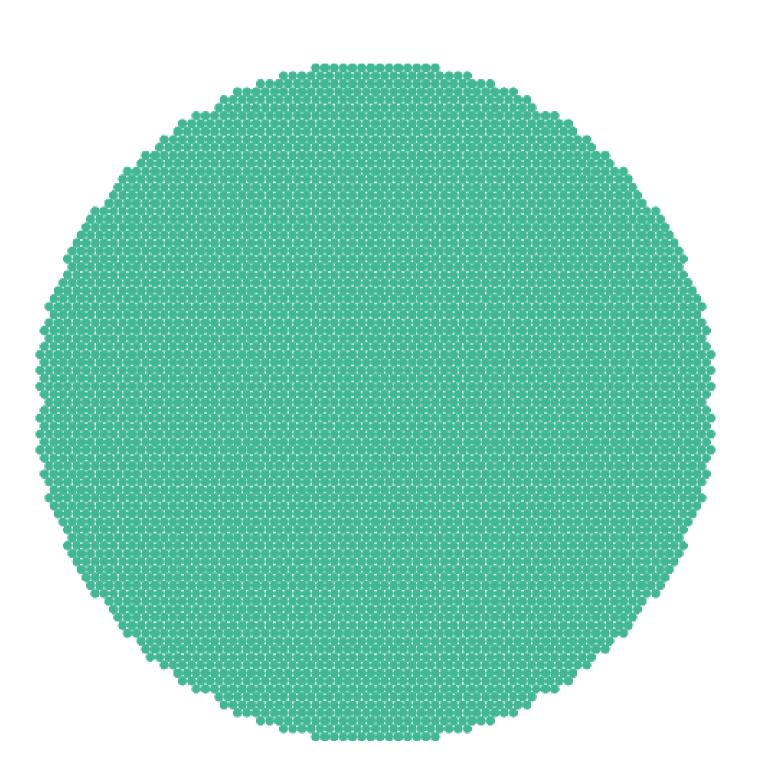
From 31st January 2019 to 28th February 2023:

• 4,945 narratives were captured from 1,080 whānau.

• 4,963 needs were identified.

Overview

Urungi Needs Recorded (4963/100%)

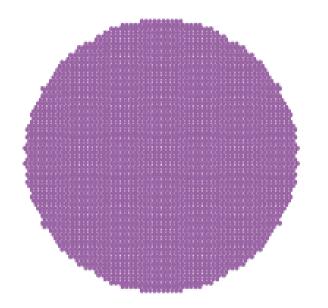




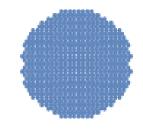


73.4% identified as Whānau Need 12% identified as Agency Demand 7.9% identified as Whānau Concern 6.7% identified as Agency Concern

Whānau Need (3620/73.4%)



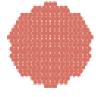
Agency Demand (590/12%)



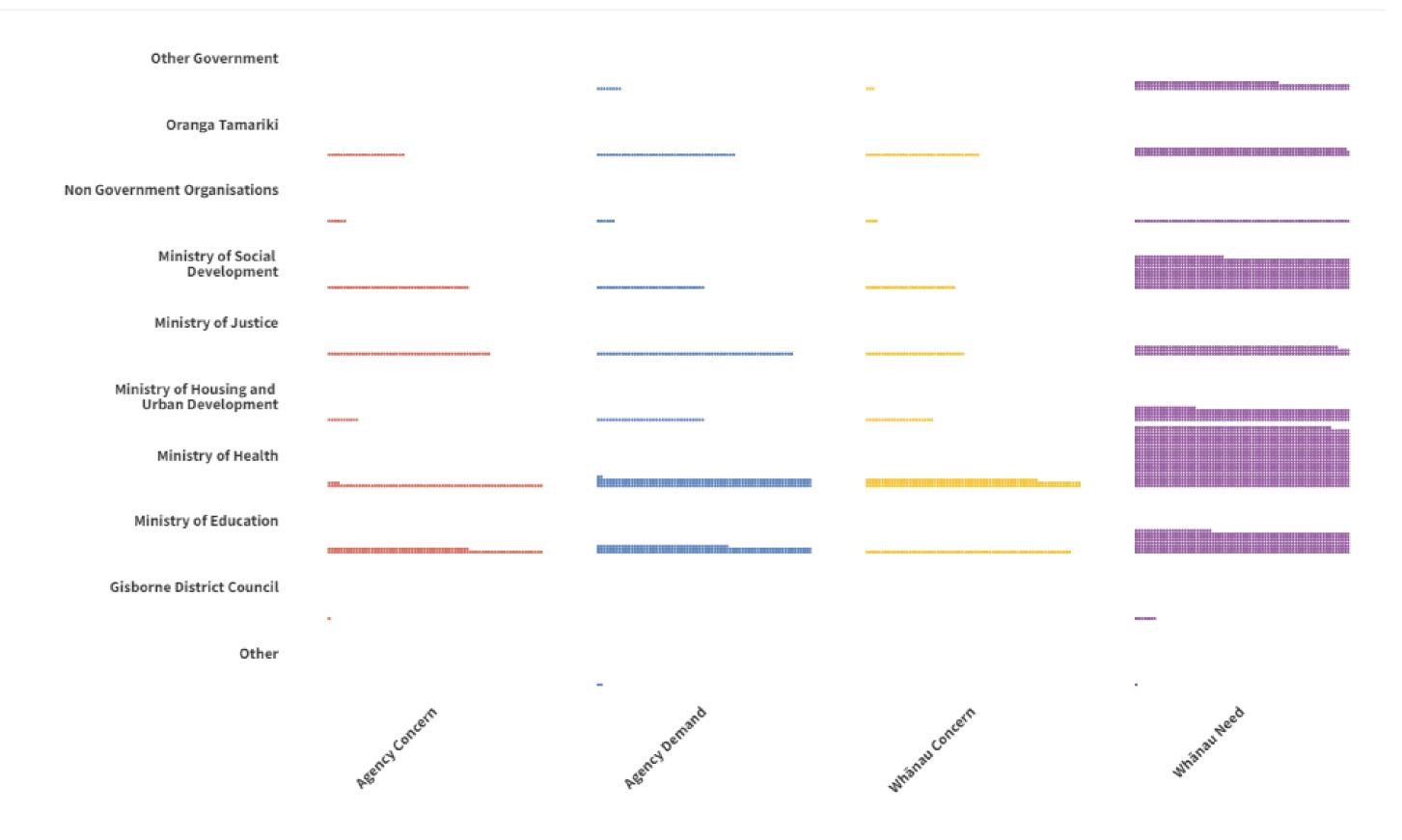
Whānau Concern (392/7.9%)



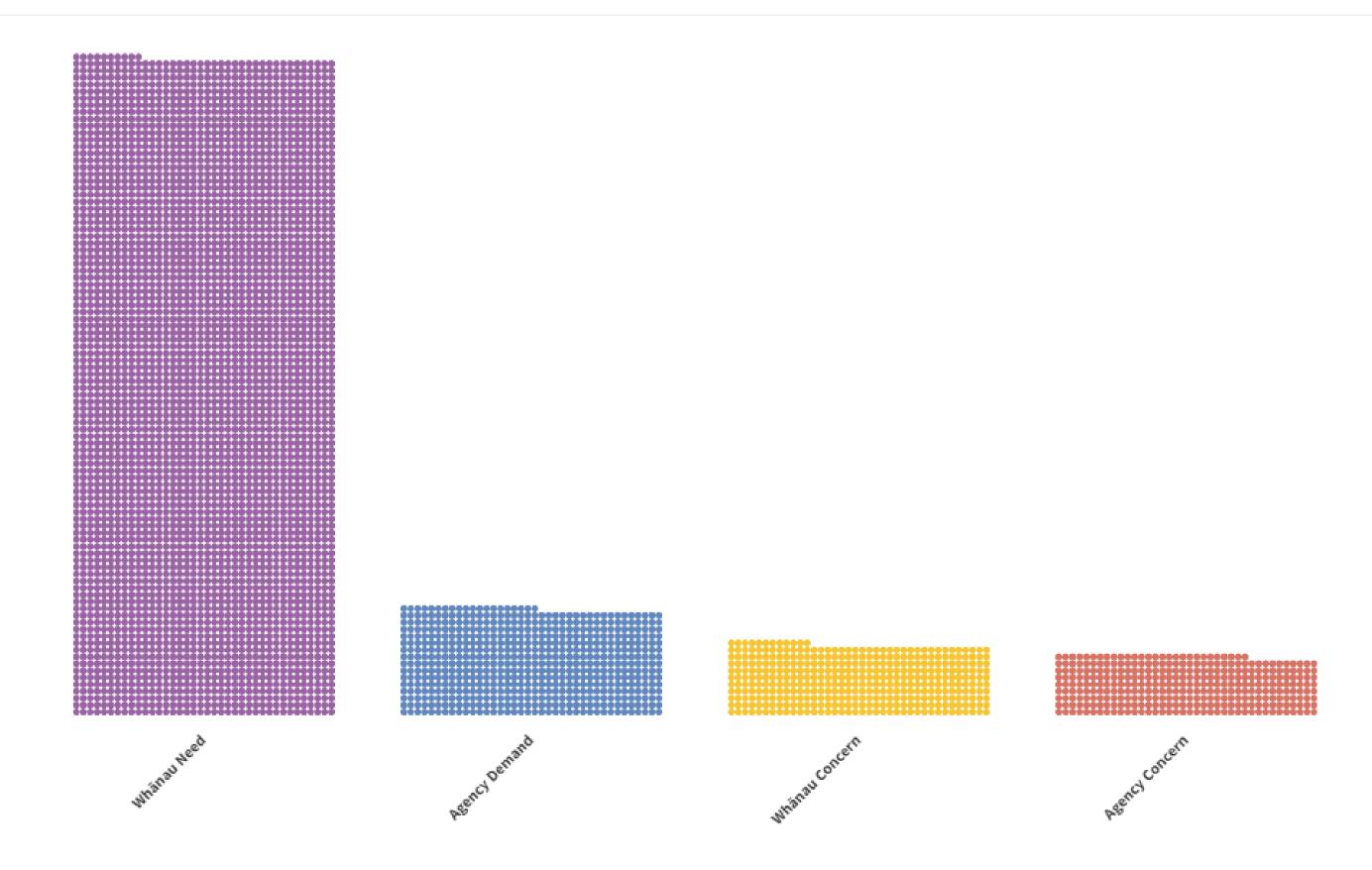
Agency Concern (332/6.7%)



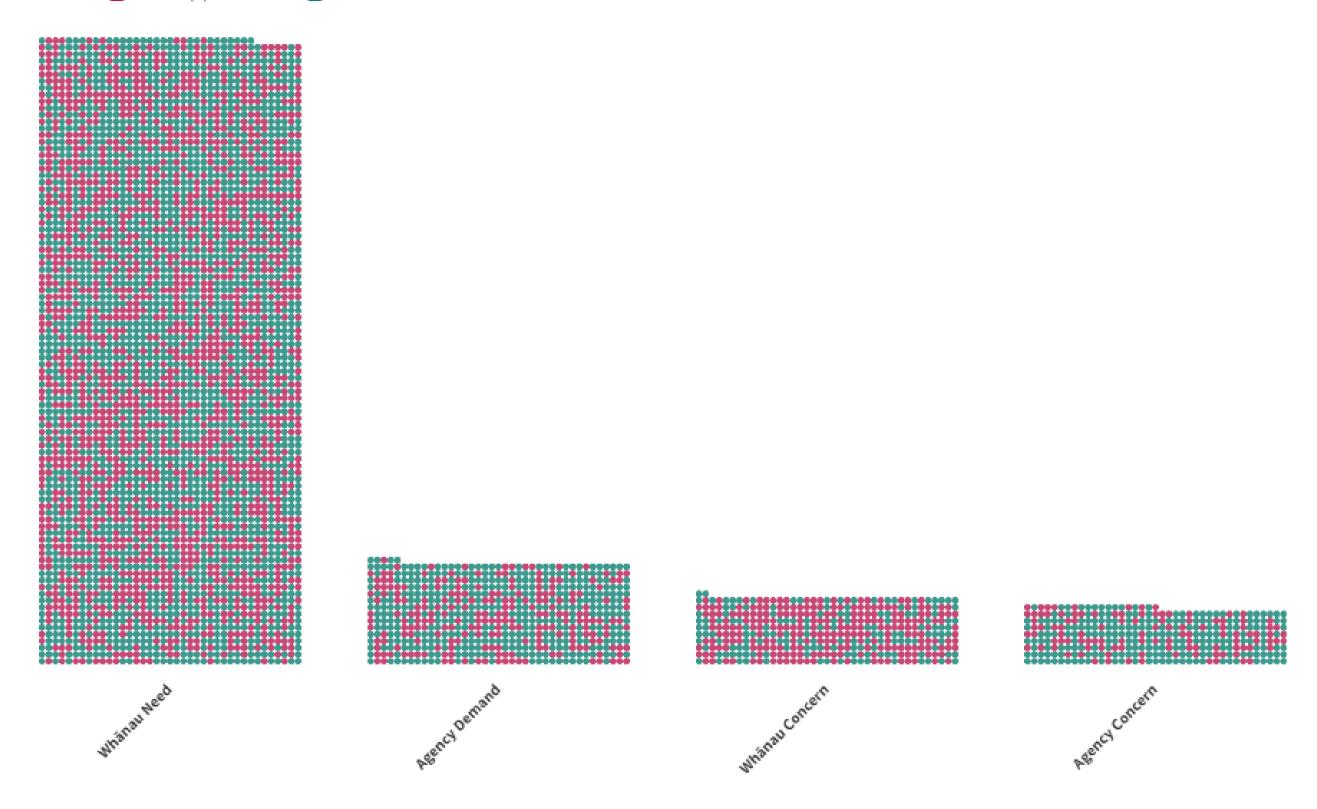






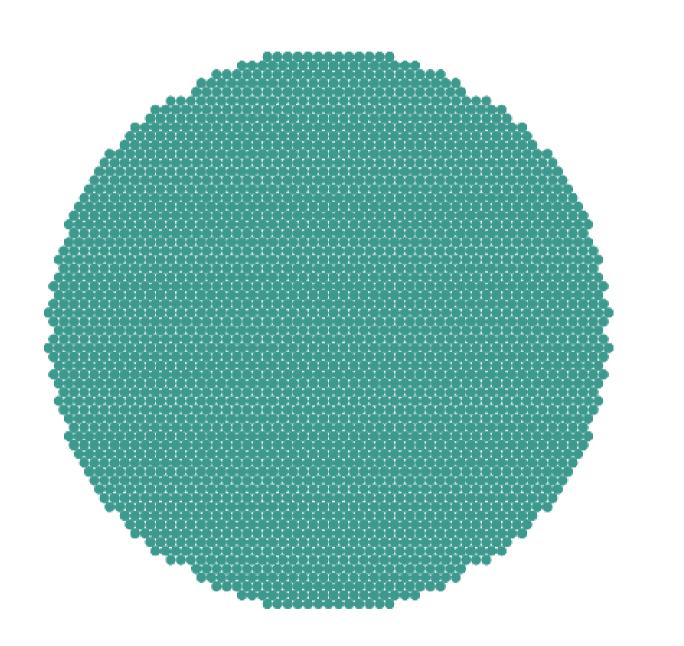


Barriers Identified Barrier(s) Identified No Barriers Identified

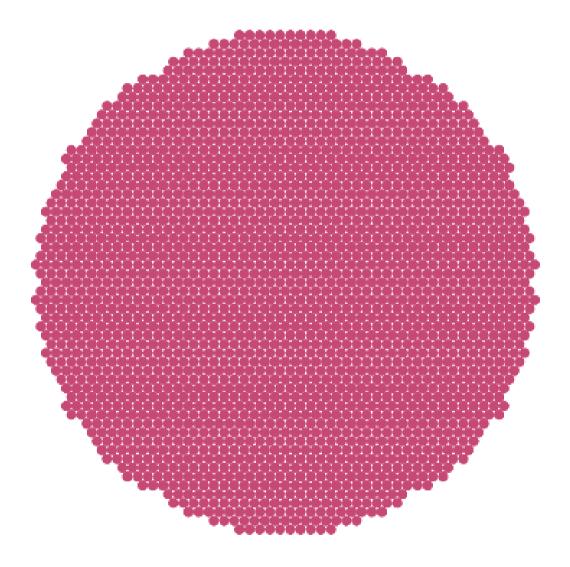




No Barriers Identified (2762/55.7%)



Barrier(s) Identified (2201/44.3%)





What Next?

- How could MSD embed more flexibility and better measures into current system?
- Grafting new thinking into existing NGO contracts:



Tairawhiti 'Way of Working'

Giving providers greater flexibility in their responses to whānau.



Urungi Measures

Data we can analyse to produce compelling evidence and the case for change for barriers across the system.

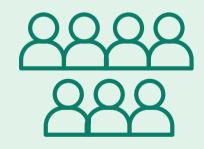
Scaling



We recommend that you scale new thinking NOT the Manaaki Tairāwhiti prototype.



The change needs to happen in business as usual in the existing contracts between government and NGO/Iwi providers.



We have tested a Manaaki Tairāwhiti service level agreement with seven NGO and Iwi providers.

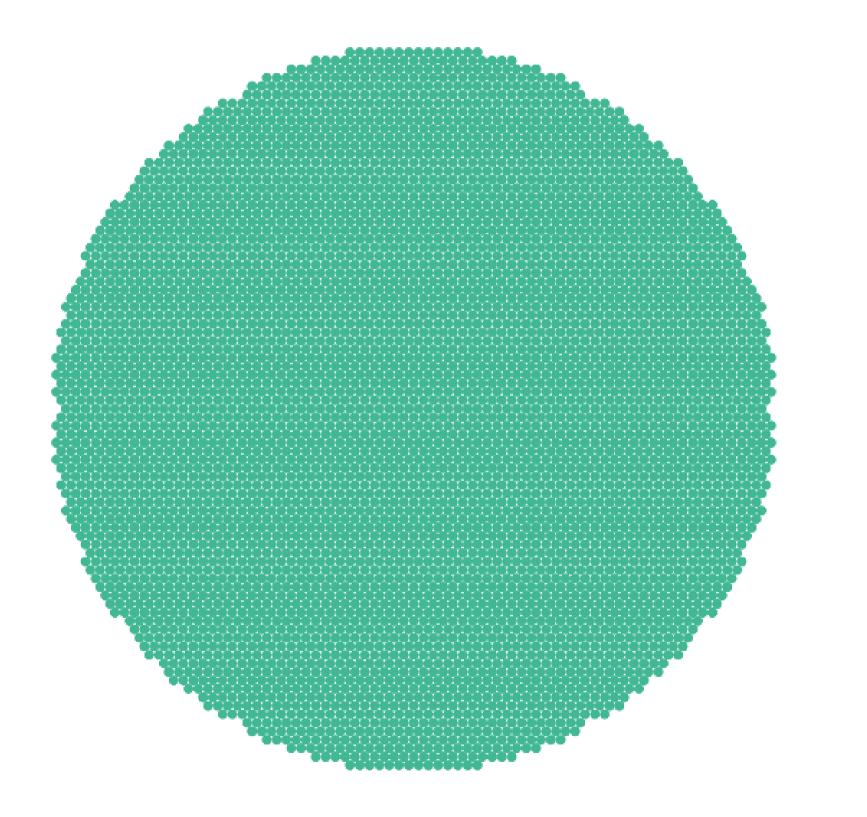


We have learned some of the challenges for providers – we can share them with you.



Respite
Data
Deep
Dive

Urungi Needs Recorded (4963/100%)

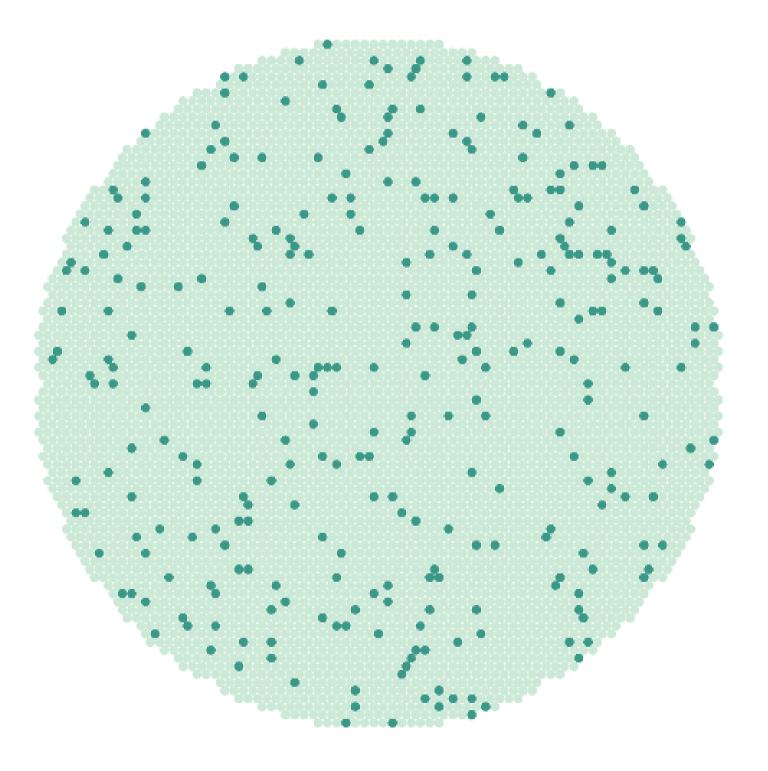


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Respite Data Deep Dive



Urungi Needs Recorded (4963/100%)

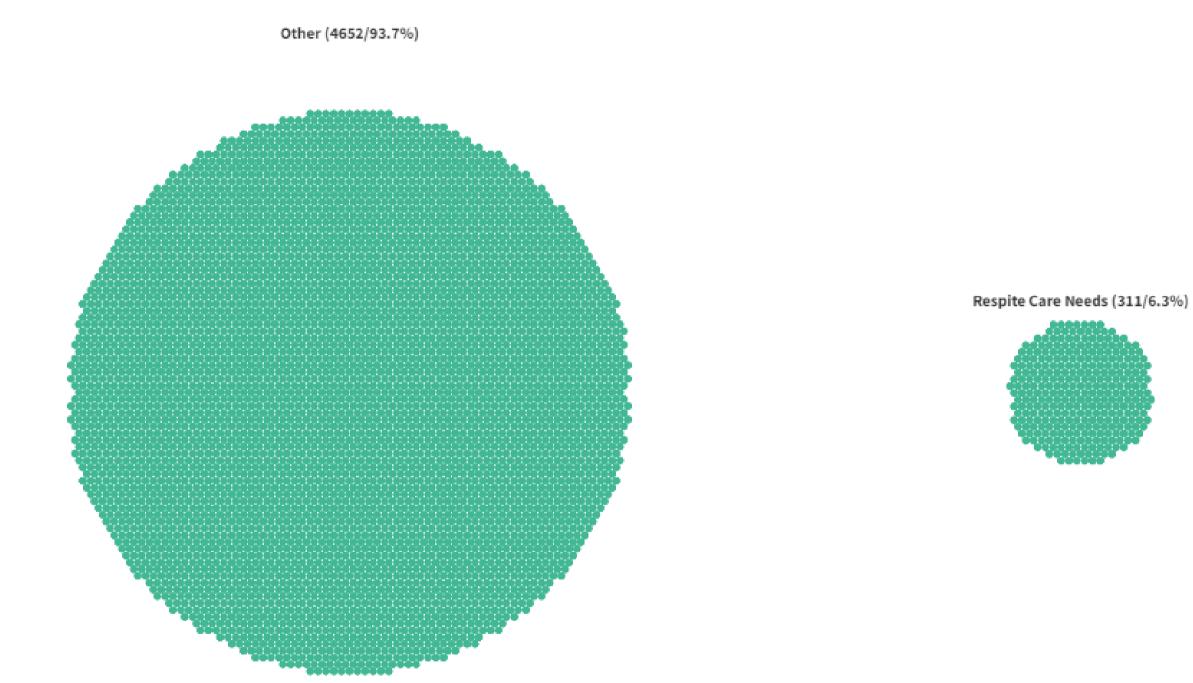




Respite

Data

Deep Dive







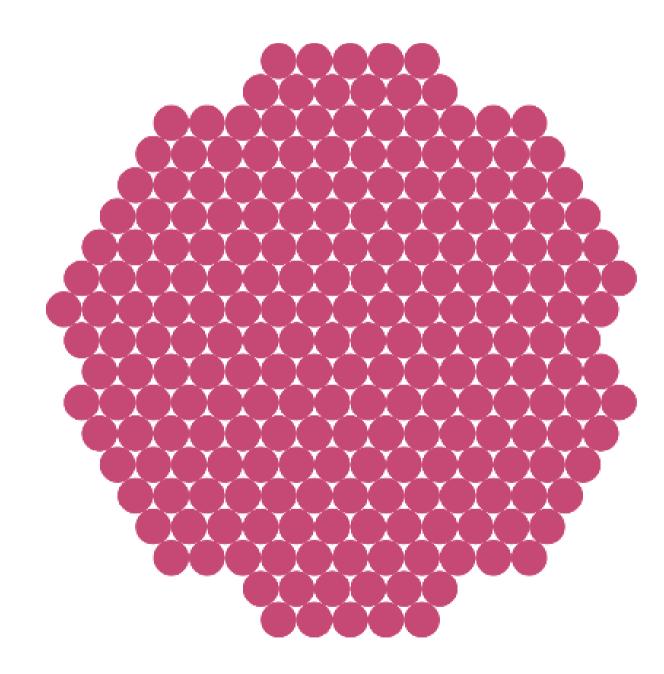
• This is a lot higher than the overall barrier rate of 44%

Respite

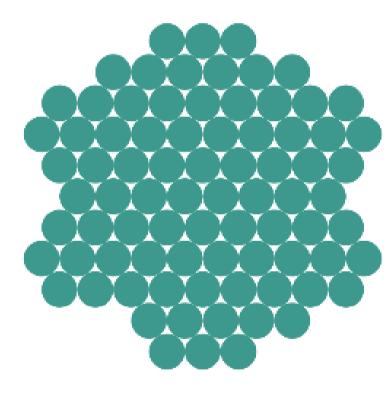
Data

Deep Dive

Barrier(s) Identified (230/74%)



No Barriers Identified (81/26%)

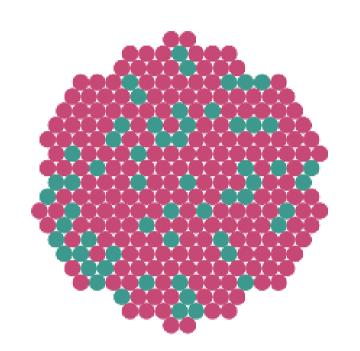




A majority of these needs (86.5%) were found to fall within the Ministry of Health system, with some falling under Oranga Tamariki, MSD and other government agencies.

Respite Data Deep Dive

Ministry of Health (269/86.5%)



Oranga Tamariki (33/10.6%)



Other Government (5/1.6%)

Ministry of Social Development (3/1%)

Ministry of Education (1/0.3%)



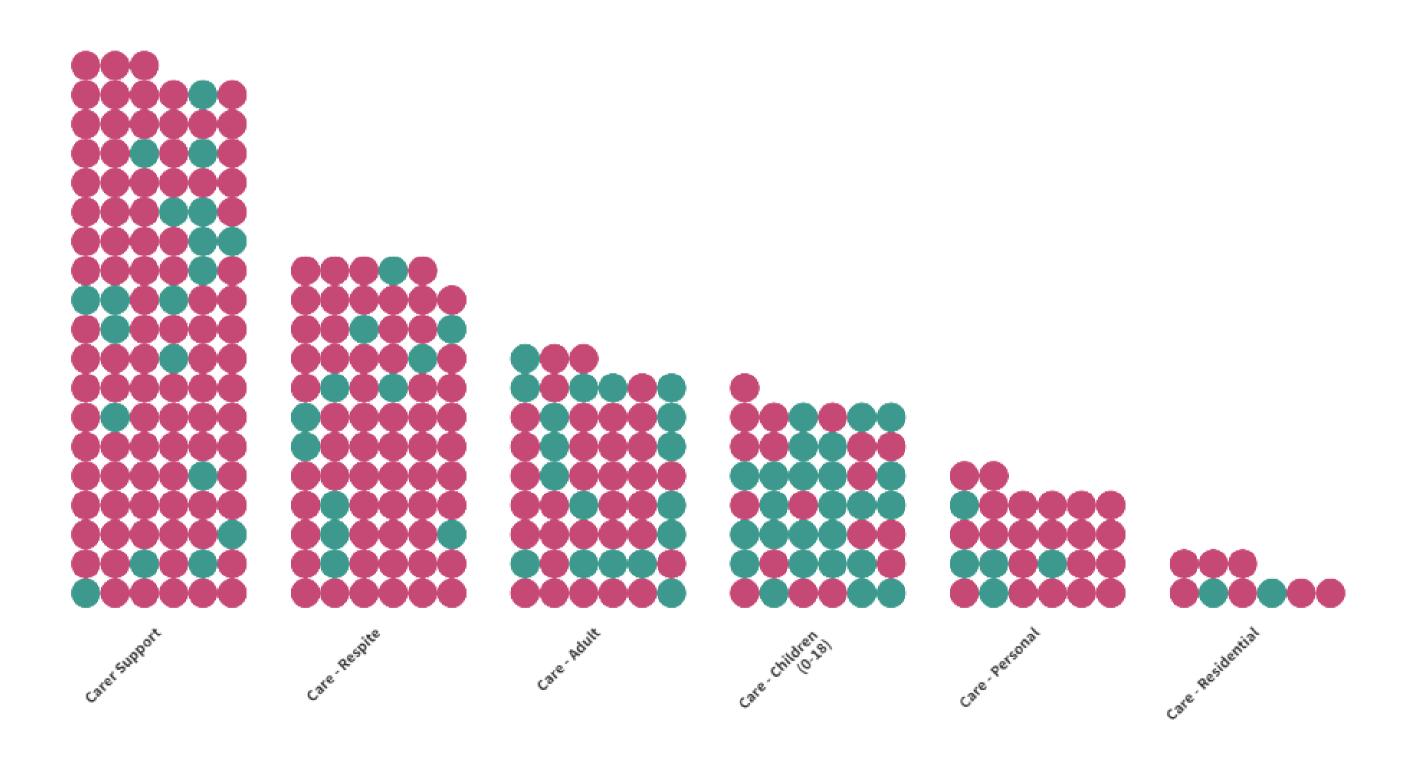


Respite

Data

Deep

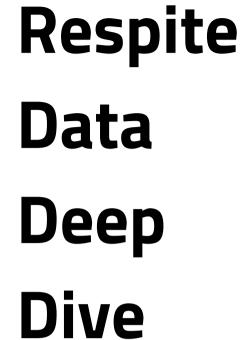
Dive

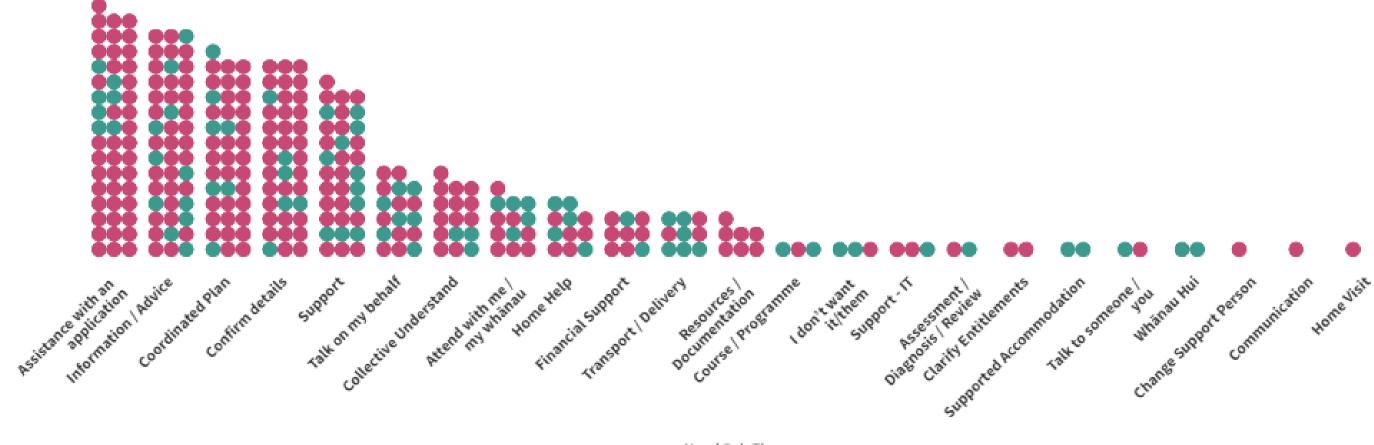




Analysis of the needs sub-themes show that whanau often asked for:

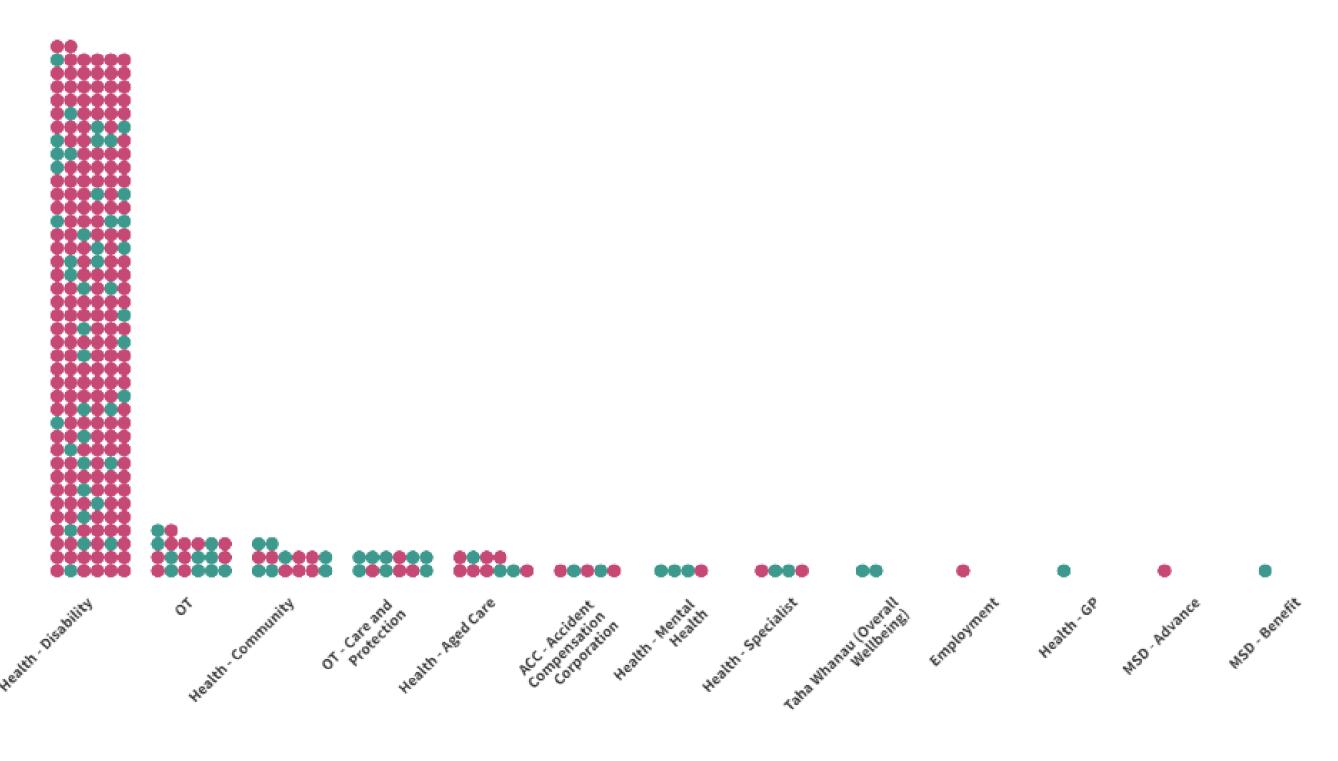
- · Assistance with an application
- Information / Advice
- Confirm details
- Coordinated Plan
- Support







Respite Data Deep Dive





Barrier themes:

9 of 9

Respite

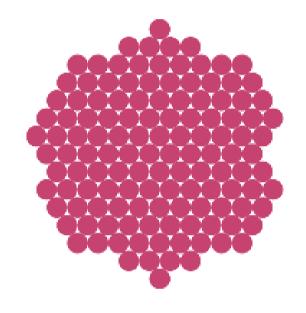
Data

Deep Dive

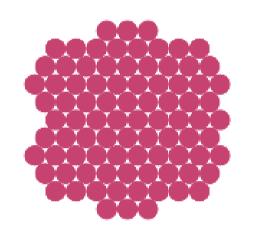
• Accessibility Process (38%)

- Communication Process (26%)
- Availability (18%)
- Criteria, Policy & Legislation (10%

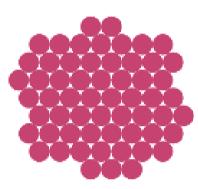
Accessibility Process (128/38.1%)



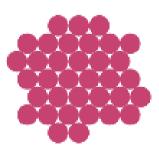
Communication Process (87/25.9%)



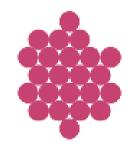
Availability (59/17.6%)



Criteria, Policy & Legislation (35/10.4%)



Delivery Mode (23/6.8%)



Professional / Agency Relationship (4/1.2%)

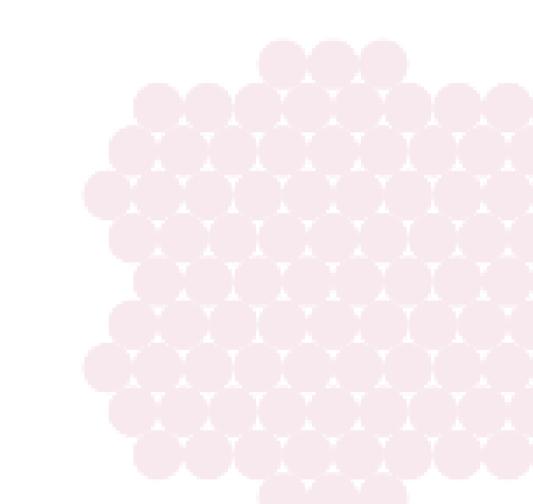


Identified Area for Further Analysis:

Respite Care & Carer Support

Disability sector

- Accessibility Process
- Communication Process
- Availability





This is proof of concept that using whānau centred measures gives greater clarity about what's working well and what's not across the whole system.

This information helps to reduce blind spots, identify areas of risk, and highlight opportunities for impactful improvement.

The outcome is more whānau get the support they need.

More whānau are flourishing.